

## 10 Key Issues Affecting Suicide Prevention and Postvention Services in Ireland

#### 1. Stigma and Silence Around Suicide

 Persistent stigma inhibits open discussion, help-seeking, and compassionate responses to suicide and suicide bereavement, making it harder for individuals to access support and for communities to address the issue effectively<sup>[1]</sup>.

## 2. Gender Disparities in Suicide Rates and Service Access

• Suicide remains a critical issue among men, who account for almost 80% of suicide deaths, yet two-thirds of counselling service users are female. Men are less likely to seek help, highlighting a gender gap in prevention and support services<sup>[2]</sup>.

## 3. Barriers to Accessing Support Services

Many bereaved by suicide report poor availability of local services, long waiting times, lack of
awareness about available supports, and financial barriers, all of which hinder timely and
effective intervention and postvention<sup>[3]</sup>.

#### 4. Need for Specialised Training for Service Providers

• There is a recognized need for all individuals involved in suicide prevention and postvention to receive specialised training, including empathy, understanding, and active listening skills, to ensure appropriate and effective support [3][4].

# **5. Inconsistent Service Provision and Regional Disparities**

• Access to suicide prevention and postvention services can vary significantly across regions, leading to inequities in support for those at risk or bereaved by suicide[3][5].

#### 6. Insufficient Integration and Coordination Across Sectors

• Effective suicide prevention requires a cross-departmental, multi-agency approach involving health, education, justice, social protection, and community organisations. Gaps in coordination can limit the effectiveness of interventions<sup>[6][5]</sup>.

#### 7. Limited Awareness and Uptake of Evidence-Based Interventions

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• While evidence-based interventions exist, their uptake and consistent application across services and communities remain a challenge, affecting the overall impact of suicide prevention strategies[4][5].

#### 8. Delays in Policy and Strategy Updates

• National suicide prevention policies, such as "Connecting for Life," require regular review and timely updates to reflect changing needs and emerging evidence. Delays can stall progress and innovation in service delivery<sup>[7][6]</sup>.

# 9. Lack of Targeted Supports for High-Risk and Marginalised Groups

 Certain groups, including the LGBT community, Travellers, and those affected by economic hardship, remain at higher risk and may not receive adequately tailored prevention or postvention support<sup>[5][8]</sup>.

## 10. Need for Improved Data Collection and Monitoring

• Ongoing research, robust data collection, and monitoring are essential for understanding trends, evaluating interventions, and informing policy. Gaps in data can hinder targeted and effective responses[5][9].

These issues are being addressed through ongoing policy development, increased investment, and a focus on cross-sector collaboration, but significant challenges remain in ensuring equitable, timely, and effective suicide prevention and postvention services across Ireland<sup>[2][6][3][5]</sup>.

